

SEND Policy

Statement of values

An inclusive learning community where barriers to learning are removed not only enables girls with special needs and disabilities to reach their full potential, achieve their personal best, make progress, feel valued and enjoy school; fostering a sense of inclusion benefits all girls and prepares them to become compassionate leaders in their future careers. Consciousness of others' strengths and limitations, as well as sharing responsibility for removing barriers to participation, prepares girls for the role of empathetic leaders.

Enabling all pupils to participate in the full range of school life and activities, and to succeed to their individual potential, forms the underlying principle upon which our provision of support for learning is based and is a core part of Putney High School and the GDST's values.

Our school is committed to creating a positive learning environment which promotes a belief in what may be possible and a view of ability that is flexible, not fixed. This whole-school ethos reflects the value we place on diversity and respect accorded to all individuals. Support for a variety of needs is a collective whole-school responsibility – all teachers are teachers of pupils with individual needs.

This policy operates within a wider national and local policy framework, which includes:

- The Education Act 1996
- The Equality Act 2010
- The Children and Families Act 2014, SEND Regulations 2014 and SEND Code of Practice 2015
- GDST Inclusion Policy
- Putney High School Access Arrangements Policy
- GDST Equal Opportunities (Education) Policy
- GDST Accessibility Strategy
- GDST and Putney High School's Admissions Policies
- GDST Exclusion Policy
- Putney High School Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- Putney High School Behaviour Policy
- Putney High School Anti-Bullying Policy
- Junior School SEND Policy

This policy and the school's SEND provision are informed by the SEN and Disability Code of Practice 2015. Where required (i.e. in the case of pupils with statements/EHC Plans), the school will have due regard to the Code.

The policy will be reviewed every year by the SENCO and Head, informed by consultation with other staff, parents and pupils.

Next review: October 2019

Aims and objectives

The aims of this policy are that:

- The school will accept and value each individual and their differences, and will ensure it is accessible and no pupil will be discriminated against
- Children and young people with SEND/ALN will engage in school activities alongside pupils who do not have SEND/ALN
- All pupils will have their needs identified in order to support progression and good mental health and wellbeing
- Every pupil will have access to a broad and balanced education
- Every pupil will participate in lessons fully and effectively
- Every pupil will experience success in their learning and achieve to the highest standard possible
- The school will promote positive outcomes in the wider areas of personal and social development

These aims will be achieved through the following objectives:

- Expecting all staff to promote equality, mutual respect and appreciation of diversity and difference through the curriculum, the PSHE programme, other school activities and their relationships with pupils, parents, other staff and members of the wider community; and to actively challenge barriers to inclusion such as discrimination, stereotyping, and indifference
- Ensuring that early identification, assessment, graduated provision and continuous monitoring is available for all pupils causing concern
- Ensuring all pupils with SEND/ALN are able to access the curriculum by providing differentiated teaching and learning opportunities, extra support or additional resources where appropriate in order to overcome barriers to learning
- Ensuring suitable pastoral care and support is available for all pupils so that they may develop in all areas and build a strong sense of self-esteem
- Ensuring support and regular professional development opportunities are available to enable staff to fulfil their responsibilities
- Involving pupils actively in the decision making process regarding their education
- Working in partnership with parents/carers so that they can take an active role in their child's education
- Working with outside agencies to meet the needs of individual pupils

Implementation

1. Roles and Responsibilities

The role of the Head

The Head takes overall responsibility for the school's policies and procedures in relation to areas of SEND, ensuring that these accord with the principles and aims of the Trust's Inclusion Policy, and that all staff are aware of their responsibilities in this area.

The role of the Head of Learning Enrichment (SENCO)

The SENCO at Putney High School is Justyna Sokolowska

The SENCO is responsible for the day to day implementation of the SEND policy, and managing provision. This will encompass:

- Overseeing identification, referral and assessment of additional needs;
- Developing and coordinating support systems;
- Managing other staff in the learning support team;
- Managing the budget and other resources;
- Maintaining records and ensuring relevant information is communicated to other staff, particularly at transition points;
- Tracking and monitoring pupil progress;
- Advising and supporting non specialist staff, and contributing to INSET;
- Working with the Examinations Officer to ensure appropriate access arrangements are in place for external assessment;
- Working with parents;
- Liaising with external agencies;
- Monitoring and evaluating the impact of policy and provision;
- Keeping up to date with relevant legislation, research and current good practice, and revising policies and procedures as necessary;
- Working closely with the Head and SLT to advise on policy development and relevant aspects
 of whole school planning.

The role of the Learning Enrichment department

The Learning Enrichment department consists of two teachers, two Teaching Assistants and the Head of Learning Enrichment (SENCo). The Learning Enrichment department supports the teaching of study and revision skills by offering year group specific lunchtime workshops to groups of students on key areas of their learning, e.g. memory and revision strategies, spelling strategies, organisational skills, essay writing skills. Private tuition may be advised to enable students to develop strategies to overcome their difficulties. Parents meet the costs. Some 1:1 support for students with SEND & ALN is available in school from the Learning Enrichment Department teachers within the constraints of available resources. Priority is given to students on the SEND register. Girls in Years 7,8 & 9 may be withdrawn from lessons for 1:1 teaching from the Learning Enrichment teachers. Students in Years 10 & 11 will be offered lessons at lunchtime or – on occasion – short sessions of up to 15 minutes during lessons. Students in Years 12 & 13 will be offered lessons in their free periods.

The role of Heads of Department/Subject Coordinators

Subject leaders are expected to oversee and monitor SEND provision within their particular remit. This will involve:

- Ensuring schemes of work include adjustments for SEND/ALN and are free from discrimination or bias
- Ensuring opportunities are open equally to pupils with and without SEND/ALN
- Using QTL procedures (classroom observation, work scrutiny etc.) to ensure effective differentiation is in place and to review and improve practice
- Keeping up to date with new approaches/resources which may be particularly appropriate for pupils with SEND/ALN in their subject area
- Ensuring inclusion is a regular item on department/subject meeting agendas
- Maintaining and updating the departmental accessibility plan

The role of other teaching and support staff

All teaching and support staff are expected to provide for diverse pupils' needs, maximising their access to the whole educational offer, and enabling them to succeed. This will involve:

- Being involved in the development of the school's policies relevant to inclusion and fully aware
 of the procedures for identifying, assessing and making provision for pupils with SEND/ALN
- Being aware of which pupils in the school have SEND/ALN
- Having a clear understanding of the physical, social and intellectual development of children at different stages and the needs of all pupils, including those with SEND/ALN, and being able to personalise their approach in order to overcome barriers to learning and engage and support them
- As practitioners responsible and accountable for the progress and development of the pupils in their class, planning and delivering an individualised programme and differentiating their teaching and resources to take account of the different learning styles, abilities and preferences of individuals, adopting an increasingly personalised approach to support where required in response to successive cycles of planning and review
- Assessing and monitoring the progress of pupils with SEND/ALN and recording and reporting relevant information
- Developing constructive relationships with parents
- Liaising with the SENCO about support and progress

Communication and coordination

Termly letter is sent to all parents to inform them about upcoming Learning Enrichment events and support available. Parents are encouraged to contact the Head of Learning Enrichment with any queries or suggestions. The Head of Learning Enrichment is available to meet parents during Progress Evenings to discuss support for their daughter. Meetings can also be arranged when there is a concern about progress of a student with SEND or teachers are concerned that a student may have a SEND that has not been previously diagnosed. Parents are encouraged to contact the Head of Learning Enrichment with any queries or suggestions.

2. Admissions

Equal Opportunities

The GDST is committed to equal opportunities in education and will not unlawfully discriminate against, or treat less favourably, any pupil at, or applicant to, its schools on the grounds of race, disability, sexual orientation, religion or belief (or lack thereof), gender reassignment, sexual orientation, or pregnancy or maternity ('protected characteristics'). The Trust will also not discriminate against, or treat less favourably, any pupil at, or applicant to, its schools because they are perceived to have one of the protected characteristics or are associated with someone who has a protected characteristic.

Admissions Policy

The school's admissions policy can be found on the school website.

Admissions Arrangements

Putney High School is an academically selective school, and admission is dependent upon reaching the required academic standard. Prospective pupils with SEND will be admitted on the same basis, unless the school cannot reasonably make the adjustments required to cater for their needs.

Parents of children with SEND applying for a place at the school are invited to discuss the child's needs with the SENCO at an early stage, and the school may also contact the child's current school to gain further information. Each pupil is looked at as an individual case to see whether the school can effectively meet their needs. Every effort is made to accommodate a pupil's needs where possible, including in arrangements for entrance tests.

The school may charge for certain forms of additional provision for pupils with SEN. Further information on charges can be obtained from the school on request.

In accordance with the Equality Act 2010, the school will make reasonable adjustments (without charge) to its provision to ensure that pupils with disabilities are not put at a substantial disadvantage to their peers. The nature of these adjustments will be determined in consultation with the child and parents.

Pupils with an EHC Plan/statement

The school can be named by the Local Authority (LA) in an EHC Plan/statement with the school's agreement. Whether the school is named or not, a place will only be offered by the school once it is established that the school can support the provision specified on the statement /EHC Plan.

3. Identification and Assessment

Definitions

Disability is defined under the Equality Act 2010. A person has a disability if s/he "has a physical or mental impairment that has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on his or her ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities."

Special Educational Needs are defined in the Children and Families Act 2014:

- 20.1 A child or young person has special educational needs if he or she has a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her.
- 20.2 A child of compulsory school age or young person has a learning difficulty or disability if he or she:
 - (a) has a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age, or
 - (b) has a disability which prevents or hinders him or her from making use of facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools or mainstream post-16 institutions

Putney High School is broadly selective, and will have a relatively small proportion of pupils who would be considered to have special educational needs as defined by the Act.

Additional Learning Needs (ALN) is the designation used by the school for pupils who do not have SEN as defined by the act, but are nevertheless hindered in accessing the full curriculum and fulfilling their potential without tailored recognition of their needs and individual provision.

Pupils may have either a disability or SEN/ALN or both. Not every pupil with SEN will qualify as disabled under the statutory definition; this will depend on the severity or extent of her needs.

Children may have a disability/SEN/ALN either throughout or at any time during their school career, and may have SEN/ALN in one or in many areas of the curriculum.

Slow progress and low attainment do not necessarily mean that a child has SEN/ALN. However, they may be an indicator of a range of learning difficulties or disabilities. Equally, it should not be assumes that attainment in line with chronological age means that there is no learning difficulty or disability. Some learning difficulties and disabilities occur across the range of cognitive ability and, left unaddressed, may lead to frustration, which may manifest itself as disaffection, emotional or behavioural difficulties.

Children are not regarded as having a learning difficulty solely because the language or form of language of their home is different from the language in which they will be taught. These children however are likely to have additional needs of a different kind and may well receive learning support for their language development.

The Four Areas of Need

The SEN Code of Practice outlines four broad areas of need which can help with identification:

Communication and interaction

6.28 Children and young people with speech, language and communication needs (SLCN) have difficulty in communicating with others. This may be because they have difficulty saying what they want to, understanding what is being said to them or they do not understand or use social rules of communication. The profile for every child with SLCN is different and their needs may change over time. They may have difficulty with one, some or all of the different aspects of speech, language or social communication at different times of their lives.

6.29 Children and young people with ASD, including Asperger's Syndrome and Autism, are likely to have particular difficulties with social interaction. They may also experience difficulties with language, communication and imagination, which can impact on how they relate to others.

Cognition and learning

6.30 Support for learning difficulties may be required when children and young people learn at a slower pace than their peers, even with appropriate differentiation. Learning difficulties cover a wide range of needs, including moderate learning difficulties (MLD), severe learning difficulties (SLD), where children are likely to need support in all areas of the curriculum and associated difficulties with mobility and communication, through to profound and multiple learning difficulties (PMLD), where children are likely to have severe and complex learning difficulties as well as a physical disability or sensory impairment.

6.31 Specific learning difficulties (SpLD), affect one or more specific aspects of learning. This encompasses a range of conditions such as dyslexia, dyscalculia and dyspraxia.

Social, emotional and mental health difficulties

6.32 Children and young people may experience a wide range of social and emotional difficulties which manifest themselves in many ways. These may include becoming withdrawn or isolated, as well as displaying challenging, disruptive or disturbing behaviour. These behaviours may reflect underlying mental health difficulties such as anxiety or depression, self-harming, substance misuse, eating disorders or physical symptoms that are medically unexplained. Other children and young people

may have disorders such as attention deficit disorder, attention deficit hyperactive disorder or attachment disorder.

Sensory and/or physical needs

6.34 Some children and young people require special educational provision because they have a disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of the educational facilities generally provided. These difficulties can be age related and may fluctuate over time. Many children and young people with vision impairment (VI), hearing impairment (HI) or a multi--sensory impairment (MSI) will require specialist support and/or equipment to access their learning, or habilitation support. Children and young people with an MSI have a combination of vision and hearing difficulties.

6.35 Some children and young people with a physical disability (PD) require additional ongoing support and equipment to access all the opportunities available to their peers.

Needs may cut across some or all of these areas and may change over time. Any assessment should ensure that the full range of a pupil's needs is identified, not simply the primary need.

Routes to identification

The school recognises the importance of early identification of any learning needs, and the risk of learning difficulties and the possible consequences such as loss of self-esteem and frustration in learning. Early identification is a whole school responsibility.

The school uses a number of approaches to identify SEND/ALN:

- Identification at admission: through communication with parents, any previous school, and use of the admission questionnaire.
- Identification through data tracking and screening: Lucid Exact screening in Year 7 and further screening of individual students' speed of processing, reading and/or handwriting if a concern arises at any point during their time at Putney High School.
- Identification through staff concern: class and subject teachers make regular assessments of progress for their pupils. Where pupils make less than expected progress given their age and individual circumstances, the first response is to take a **graduated approach** to personalising learning in order to target areas of weakness. Where progress continues to be less than expected the class or subject teacher will work with the SENCO to assess the pupil.
- Identification through pupil/parent concern: the school recognises that parents and the pupils
 themselves have a unique perspective on their learning. Class and subject teachers are expected to
 listen to and address any concerns raised by parents and pupils. The first response should be to
 adopt the graduated approach as detailed above, moving to involvement with the SENCO if
 difficulties persist.
- Emotional, social and mental health difficulties are likely to be identified and addressed through the school's pastoral system – tutors, year group heads, school nurse and counsellor. All staff should be alert to changes in attitude and behaviour which may indicate such difficulties, and involve pastoral staff and the SENCO as appropriate. Where difficulties are long-lasting or severe the school will consider whether the pupil might have SEND and require additional support

Where a pupil is identified as having SEN, parents will be notified.

4. Provision

Putney High School works on the principle that differentiated high quality teaching is an expectation for all pupils, including those with SEND/ALN, and this will ensure that the majority will be engaged in their learning and achieve their potential. All our teachers are responsible for planning and delivering an individualised programme, personalising their teaching and providing constructive formative feedback to take account of the different learning styles, abilities and preferences of individual pupils.

The first level of support for pupils experiencing difficulties takes a **graduated approach** in the form of a four-part cycle in which the class or subject teacher **assesses** the pupil's needs drawing on a range of evidence, **plans** appropriate differentiation or interventions, **puts these into practice** and **reviews** the outcome.

The school provides regular staff training to ensure teachers and support staff have the knowledge and skills to work effectively with pupils with SEN/ALN. SEN is part of the school's induction and appraisal procedures, and the SENCO is regularly available to provide advice. Information/guidance about types of special needs and practical advice on teaching strategies can be found on the Shared Area in the Learning Enrichment section.

Following cycles of the graduated approach, if a pupil continues to fail to make the expected progress, the SENCO will be involved to assess the pupil. The outcomes of this assessment will dictate the nature of further support. The SENCO will determine a personalised programme for the individual pupil, which may involve:

- Further differentiation in the classroom, supported and directed by the SENCO
- Individualised outcomes-focused target setting
- Access to specific resources equipment, software programmes etc.
- Additional specialist teaching
- Pastoral support
- Referral to external specialists

Provision will be made in consultation with the pupil and parents, and progress will be reviewed regularly in order to inform future support.

Public Examinations and Access Arrangements

- Recommendations for exam access arrangements will be based on the current JCQ criteria and the SENCO will liaise with parents, students and the exams officer as to appropriate arrangements
- The SENCO will complete a Form 8 Sections A & B and the specialist assessor or educational psychologist will complete Section C and, with the exams officer, the student will be entered using the JCQ online application system
- Parents have the right to seek a diagnostic assessment for their child. However, the organisation
 or individual performing the assessment must have prior contact with the school to gather
 background information on the pupil before going ahead with the assessment. A privately
 commissioned assessment carried out without prior consultation with the centre cannot be used
 to award access arrangements, and external assessors must have a thorough and up to date
 understanding of the JCQ regulations.
- Teachers will supply the SENCO with evidence of need so that a substantial and clear picture of this being a student's normal way of working can be built up
- Students requiring the use of a word processor in public examinations must demonstrate that this is their normal method of producing work in lessons and the school must hold evidence demonstrating the reasons for the award of the use of a word processor
- Students in KS3 who may require access arrangements in future will be monitored and extra time awarded will be on a needs basis, subject by subject whilst in KS3

More detailed information can be found in the school's Access Arrangements Policy.

Provision for pupils with EHC Plans/Statements

Provision for pupils with EHC Plans/Statements will be made with due regard to the SEN Code of Practice. The school will co-operate with the LA and parents to work towards the provision set out in the EHC Plan/statement, and to review the plan as required.

Record keeping

The SENCO maintains registers of pupils identified as having SEN and ALN. These lists are regularly updated and available to staff.

Records are kept on all pupils on the SEN/ALN registers and on SIMs, and updated regularly. These will include:

- Details of any assessments
- Details of any observations from staff
- Notes on provision and updates to provision
- Information from monitoring procedures
- Communication with and reports from external agencies
- Notes on communications with parents

Relevant information is made available to staff via SIMS and the Shared Area.

Confidential records are stored securely in accordance with data protection regulations.

Provision for disabilities

The school has an accessibility plan to improve over time its accessibility to existing and prospective pupils with disabilities. Where provision for specific disabilities is not already in place, the school will work with individual pupils and their parents to determine appropriate support.

Evaluating the success of provision

The effectiveness of the school's provision is evaluated in individual cases via pupil tracking and monitoring. The success of SEND provision as a whole is monitored through:

- Regular review of the progress and achievement of the SEN/ALN cohort in comparison to the cohort as a whole
- Periodic consultation with pupil and parent focus groups
- The outcomes of external inspection

5. SEND, Pastoral Care and Safeguarding

Pupils with SEND are statistically more vulnerable to peer-on-peer and other forms of abuse. School staff are alert to the additional challenges children with SEND may face, and the barriers that can exist when recognising abuse and neglect in this group of children.

These barriers may include:

- Assumptions that indicators of possible abuse such as behaviour, mood and injury relate to the child's disability without further explanation
- Being more prone to group isolation than other children
- The potential for children with SEND to be disproportionately impacted by behaviours such as bullying, without outwardly showing any signs, and
- Communication barriers and difficulties in overcoming these barriers

Safeguarding children and young people with SEND requires understanding, foresight, reflection and communication. Staff are trained to recognise and respond to the pastoral needs of pupils with SEND, and school policies such as the Safeguarding, Behaviour and Anti-Bullying Policies take these into account. The SENCO liaises regularly with the DSL, Heads of Year and other staff with pastoral responsibilities.

Working with pupils and parents

Pupils

At Putney High School, our ethos, organisation and culture supports pupil participation, and encourages pupils to take responsibility for their own learning. We promote student voice through the Student Council, adopt student-centred pedagogies such as assessment for learning, and encourage the use of pupil feedback in staff performance management.

We recognise that children with SEND/ALN have a unique knowledge of their own needs and circumstances. The school will seek their views and include them in the decision-making processes that affect their education – from identification to assessment, decisions on provision and reviewing progress and the success of interventions.

Parents

The relationship between the school and parents has a crucial bearing on the progress of pupils, particularly those with SEND/ALN. We actively seek to work with parents as partners and value their contribution. Teachers, SENCOs, pastoral and other staff all have an important role in developing positive and constructive relationships with parents.

- The SEND Policy is available on the school's website and parents are welcome to comment on SEND/ALN provision at any time
- The school offers parents regular information evenings, including sessions which specifically address how to support their child academically and emotionally
- The school seeks to engage parents of pupils with SEND/ALN at an early stage ideally prior to admission in order to get a full picture of the pupil's needs and make suitable provision
- Parents of pupils identified as having SEN will be informed immediately
- Decisions regarding provision, monitoring and review will be made in consultation with parents

 as a minimum, parents of pupils with SEN/ALN will be invited to a meeting with teachers and
 the SENCO once a year to discuss provision and progress although informal contact is likely
 to be more frequent than this

Complaints

The school works, wherever possible, in partnership with parents to ensure a collaborative approach to meeting pupils' needs. All complaints are taken seriously and are heard through the GDST's Complaints Procedure.

6. Links beyond the School

Putney High School is committed to work in partnership with external services to ensure the best outcomes for pupils with SEND. For pupils with an EHC Plan/statement, we will co-operate with the Local Authority to work towards the provision specified on the plan, and to review the plan as required.

The school also works with a range of local therapists, specialists and voluntary organisations.

Services may also be accessed directly by parents. The Local Offer – information on services across education, health and social care available in the area and how to access them – can be found at

https://thrive.wandsworth.gov.uk/kb5/wandsworth/fsd/localoffer.page

Putney High School also has established links with other schools and institutions for the purpose of sharing good practice. This includes the GDST SEN network, Connections in Mind, Fairley House school, the Linden Lodge and UCL IoE.